# Ex4: Numerical Attributes & Linear Regression, etc.

Tokyo Tech. Intro. to Comp. & Data Exercise&hw week4ex

- How to take care of numerical attributes, and the mixed case.
- Introduction to linear regression and a neural network type classification model.
- 1. Homework assignment #1.

please send one pdf file, e.g., "o4\_19M12345.pdf" via email to Suzukakedai: watanabe.o.aa-cd18s@ml.m.titech.ac.jp Ookayama: watanabe.o.aa-cd18o@ml.m.titech.ac.jp *before* week5lect *of each campus* 

#### 2. Some explanation on Weka.

\*1 Weka is constructed and provided by the University of Waikato \*2 For materials, see http://tcs.c.titech.ac.jp/DataMining/index.html 1. Homework assignment #4: Task

### Your task #1:

How to handle numerical attributes in the classification

(a) By using several example data sets (at least three sample balance.scale.arff, cmc.arff, hepatitis.arff), try various methods (including, Weka Preprocess: "Discritize", "NumericToNominal", etc.) to obtain several classification rules,

and compare these methods from the results.

- \* Use "Percentage split" with default 66%.
- \* You might want to use "MultilayerPerceptron" that can be chosen from the choice of classifier under "function." In this case, use it under the no hidden layer option (see also the next page).

### Your task #2: Use the standard linear regression with nominal attributes regression 回帰分析 = a process for obtaining

- a "numerical estimator"
- (b) Use breast-Tumor.arff (see below for more specific instruction) to experience basic learning algorithms for computing numerical value estimators. Also investigate several ways to treat nominal attributes.
  - + Use linear reguression methods, i.e., "LinearRegression" and "MultilayerPerceptron" (under the single layer option) to obtain numerical value estimators.
    - \* Use files breast-TumorRk-229.arff as training sets and breast-TumorRk-57.arff as test sets, where k = 1,2,3 (These files are given in the web page: http://tcs.c.titech.ac.jp/DataMining/index.html)
    - \* Execute learning algorithms under "Using test set" mode and re-evaluate the obtained estimators by using a test set.
    - \* For using "MultilayerPerceptoron", set the "hidden layer" option to 0, which means to create a single layer neural network.

Your task #2: Use standard learning algorithms for "numerical value estimators" with nominal attr. (Cont.)

- (b) Use breast-Tumor.arff (see below for more specific instruction) to experience basic learning algorithms for computing numerical value estimators. Also ...
  - + Use linear "LinearRegression" and "MultilayerPerceptoron" ..... to obtain numerical value estimators.
  - + Try several ways to change nominal attributes to numerical ones.
    - \* Our learning algorithms can automatically take care of nominal attributes. But besides using this feature, try to use "NominalToBinary" filter ("Preprocess" → "choose" "filters" → "unsupervised" → "attribute") I also would like to encourage you to transform data sets by your own method (e.g., by using your own program).
  - + Compare the obtained estimators.
    - \* Again I encourage you to develop your own way to compare the performance of the obtained estimators. page 6

## 1. Homework assignment #4: Report

submit via email *before* week5lect

Required items that you need to explain: Japanese is OK!! About 1 page for each item, please!

(1) State the results of your comparison.

\* I would omit specifying the required items one by one from this exercise because by now you can determine, I believe, from the previous assignments.

#### **Optional:**

(2) For Task #1, give some reasonable explanation why a better discretizing method varies depending on learning algorithms and/or data sets.



Honestly speaking, I do not have a definite answer.

# 2. Tips for using Weka

#### How to see a detail report on your test:

 For getting a report on the result of the obtained numerical estimator on your test set, you can use "Output prediction" option when re-evaluating the estimator as follows.

Classifier		
Choose LinearRegression -S 0 -R 1.0E-8 -num-decimal-places 4		Classifier evaluation options
Test options Clas	ifier output	☑ Output model
🔿 Use training set	37 0 18.019 18.019	Output models for training splits
	38 25 26.406 1.406	
(1) click here to open		✓ Output per-class = (2) choose Plain Text
	40 25 21.859 -3.141	
this window.	41 20 28.806 8.806 42 30 34.271 4.271	Output entropy evaluate to
More options	44 8 26.604 18.604	get this report.
		✓ Store predictions t
	46 10 22.567 12.567	
(Num) clas <del>s</del>	47 25 22.567 -2.433	Error plot point size proportional to margin
	48 25 29.003 4.003 <	
Start Stop	49 20 22.567 2.567	Output predictions Choose PlainText
Result list (right-click for options)	50 30 32.843 2.843	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cost-sensitive evaluation Set
08:34:07 - functions.LinearRegression	53 30 35.908 5.908	
	54 90 91 971 1 971	Random seed for XVal / % Split 1
	55 (3) you might want to	ve order for % Split
		source code WekaClassifier
	analyze these data	Isonice code - vvekai Jassine(
-		
	by Excel or your progra	am.