Basic Mathematics

Norimasa Kobayashi @ Tokyo Institute of Technology

1 Logic

```
\land denotes "and" \lor denotes "or" \lnot denotes "not" p\Rightarrow q denotes "if p then q" p \Leftarrow q denotes "if q then p" p\Leftrightarrow q is defined by (p\Rightarrow q)\land (p\Leftarrow p) and is read "p if and only if (iff) q" \forall denotes "for all" \exists denotes "exists"
```

2 Sets and Functions

Definition 2.1 (Power Set) The power set of a set X is the set of all subsets of X denoted $\mathcal{P}(X) = \{A | A \subset X\}$

Definition 2.2 (Binary Relation) A binary relation R between an element in set X and an element in Y is a subset of the Cartesian product $X \times Y$, that is $R \subset X \times Y$.

The statement $(x,y) \in R$ is read "x is R-related to y" and is denoted xRy. When X = Y, binary relation $R \subset X^2$ is said to be defined on set X.

Definition 2.3 (Function) A function $f: X \to Y$ is a binary relation $f \subset X \times Y$ that associates to each element $x \in X$ exactly one element $y \in Y$, that is:

- $(\forall x \in X \exists y \in Y)(x, y) \in f$
- $(\forall x \in X \forall y, y' \in Y)(x, y), (x, y') \in f \Rightarrow y = y'$

(x,y) is denoted y = f(x).

Definition 2.4 (Image and Preimage (Inverse Image)) Let $f: X \to Y$ be a function.

Image For $\forall A \subset X$, $f(A) := \{f(x) | x \in A\}$

Preimage For $\forall B \subset Y, f^{-1}(B) := \{x \in X | f(x) \in B\}$

3 Vectors

Following notations are used for vectors and cartesian products. Particularly, vectors are denoted with normal fonts.

- $x = (x_i)_{i \in N} = (x_1, \dots, x_N) \in X = \times_{i \in N} X_i$
- $x_{-i} := (x_j)_{j \in N \setminus \{i\}} = (x_1, ..., x_{i-1}, x_{i+1}, ..., x_n) \in X_{-i} = \times_{j \in N \setminus \{i\}} X_j$

4 Probability

Definition 4.1 Denote $\Delta(X)$ a set of probability distributions over set X. If X is finite, $\Delta(X) = \{\phi \in \Re^X | \sum_{x \in X} \phi(x) = 1 \land (\forall x \in X) \phi(x) \geq 0\}$ is a simplex.

Definition 4.2 (Support) Support of a probability distribution $\phi \in \Delta(X)$ is

$$\operatorname{supp} \phi = \{x \in X | \phi(x) \neq 0\}$$

Definition 4.3 (Restriction) Probability $\phi \in \Delta(X)$ is restricted to $Y \subset X$ iff supp $\phi \subset Y$.

5 Real Number and its Cartesian Products

Definition 5.1 Denote \Re the set of real numbers and \Re_+ the set of nonnegative real numbers.

Definition 5.2 (Pareto Order) For $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^N$:

- $x \ge y \Leftrightarrow (\forall i \in N)(x_i \ge y_i)$
- $x > y \Leftrightarrow x \ge y \land x \ne y$
- $x \gg y \Leftrightarrow (\forall i \in N)(x_i > y_i)$

Definition 5.3 (Pareto Efficiency (Optimality)) $x \in S \subset \Re^N$ is

- (weakly) Pareto efficient iff not $(\exists y \in S)(y \gg x)$
- strongly Pareto efficient iff not $(\exists y \in S)(y > x)$