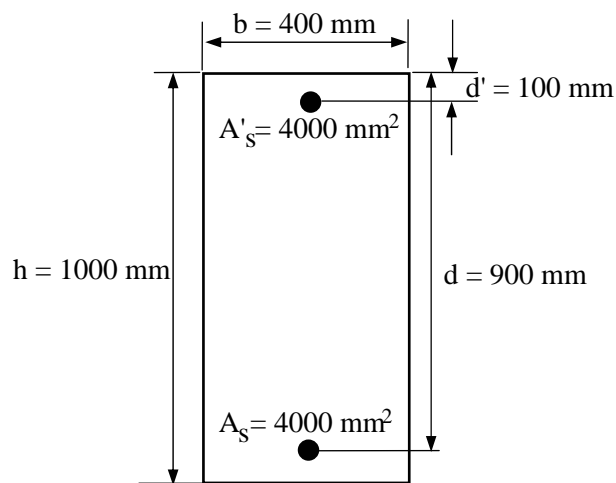


Mechanics of Structural Concrete

ASSIGNMENT No. 1

The following RC cross-section is given. The dimensions and material properties are also given. Referring the comments, calculate the following moments in **kN·m** unit.

- (1) Cracking moment, M_{cr} .
- (2) Yielding moment, M_y .
- (3) Ultimate moment, M_{u1} based on the equivalent stress block.
- (4) Ultimate moment, M_{u2} based on the stress-strain relationship.



Dimensions and material properties:

$h = 1000 \text{ mm}$, $b = 400 \text{ mm}$, $d = 900 \text{ mm}$,
 $d' = 100 \text{ mm}$

$A_s = A'_s = 4000 \text{ mm}^2$,

$f_y = f'_y = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$E_s = 200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$, $E_c = 25 \text{ kN/mm}^2$

$f'_c = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $f_b = 4.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$\epsilon'_{cu} = 0.0035$, $\epsilon'_o = 0.002$

Comments:

- (1) Use the flexural strength, f_b . The contribution of reinforcing bars can be neglected.
- (2) The contribution of concrete for tension can be neglected. Concrete in compression can be treated as an elastic body. Need to check the strain of compressive reinforcing bar.
- (3) The equivalent stress block ($0.85f'_c \times 0.8x$, Whitney's block) can be used. It can be assumed that the strain of concrete in the extreme compressive fiber is equal to ϵ'_{cu} . Check the strain of reinforcing bars.
- (4) In this case, the following stress-strain relationship has to be used.

$$0 \leq \epsilon'_c \leq \epsilon'_o \quad \sigma'_c = 0.85f'_c \left[2 \left(\frac{\epsilon'_c}{\epsilon'_o} \right) - \left(\frac{\epsilon'_c}{\epsilon'_o} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\epsilon'_o < \epsilon'_c \leq \epsilon'_{cu} \quad \sigma'_c = 0.85f'_c$$

Calculate the difference between M_{u1} and M_{u2} and evaluate the effectiveness of the equivalent stress block.