Analysis of Language Resources

Second Lecture Hiroyuki Akama

What is meaning ?(Review)

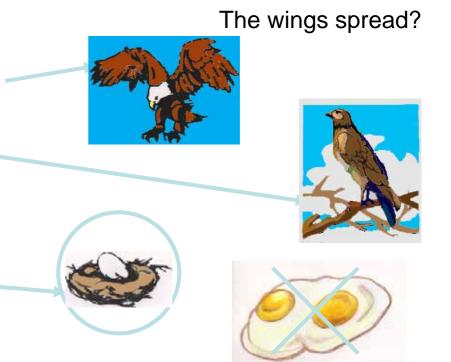
- The meaning in language can be considered as being generated from...
- 1.Amodal theory: the "association" of words, the space between terms
- 2.Multimodal theory (Perceptual symbol theory, Embodiment theory, Simulation semantics): the perception and the motion of the human body in the natural space
- Two conflicting viewpoints representing eternal battle inside the science of language ("Once forgotten, old ideas seem new."-Barsalou)

Two Ways of Meaning-Processing

- Multimodal :Perceptual symbol theory, Mirror system, Affordance, Spatial indexing
- Body Reaction
 - "An alternative approach assumes that conceptual representations are grounded, at least to some extent, in sensory-motor systems." (Barsalou)
- Amodal: Vector space model, including LSA (Latent semantic analysis)
- Lexical co-occurrence
 - "Language is a system of interdependent terms in which the value of each term results solely from the simultaneous presence of the others." (Saussure)

Perceptual Symbol theory

- "The ranger sees the eagle in the sky."
- "The ranger sees the eagle on the branch."
- "A hen lays eggs."



One subconsciously imagines the latent meaning of a sentence.

Rolf A. Zwaan, Robert A. Stanfield, and Richard H. Yaxley

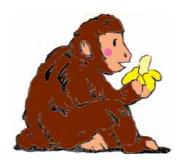
Language Comprehenders Mentally Represent The Shapes Of Objects

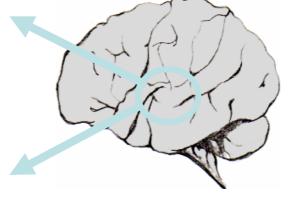
Mirror System

Neurons for processing the motor action language?



Perception





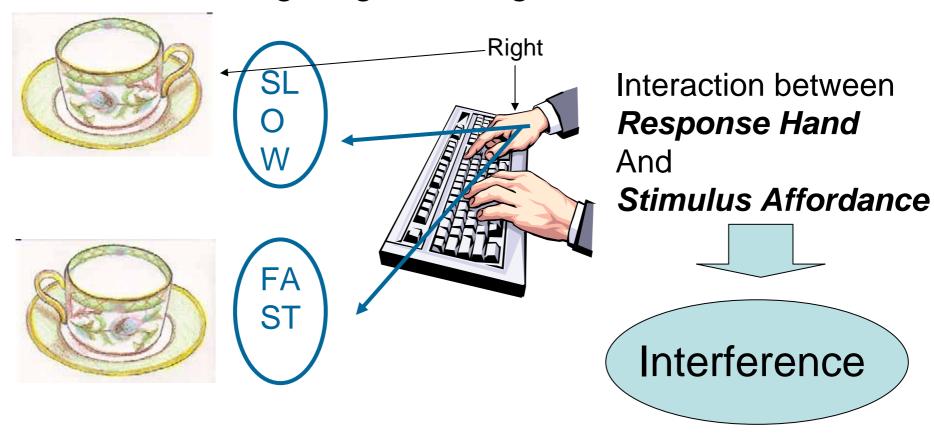
The neurons of the area F5 of macaque monkeys, motor systems for the goal-directed hand and mouth movement are also used in action perception.

Motion

Gallese, V., Fadiga, L., Fogassi, L., & Rizzolatti, G. 1996. Action recognition in the premotor cortex. Brain 119: 593-609.

Affordance

Reversed images (generating reversed affordance)



Daniel C. Richardson, Michael J. Spivey, Jamie Cheung Representations In Memory And Mental Models: The Embodied Zork

Vector Space Model

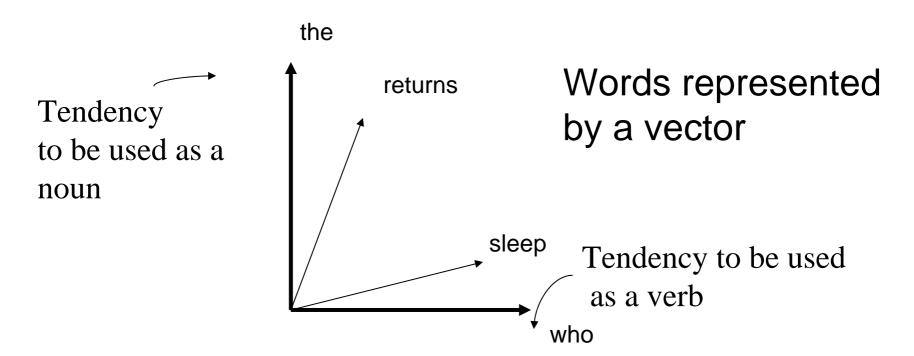
Lexical Co-occurrence Data

Example: Frequency of the bi-grams taken from a corpus

	* * * * * *	the	*****	who

returns		300		75
* * * * * *				
sleep		133		200

H.Schüze, Ambiguity resolution in language learning



Correlation Coefficient: Cosine Value

$$corr(\vec{v}, \vec{w}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} v_i w_i}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{N} v_i^2 \sum_{i=1}^{N} w_i^2}} - \frac{Inner product}{Norm Product}$$

Manifestation of the Amodal theory group

- Each word or each sentence in a document can now be considered as a variable or an observation instance.
- It has been possible to find the meaning in a component that can be calculated from lexical co-occurrence data by using the probabilistic theory, such as LSA (Latent Semantic Analysis).
- With the vector space model, one can calculate and SIMULATE the meaning processing of the humans.

Summary

- The concrete examples of the multimodal theory and the amodal theory
- Multimodal (Body Reaction): Perceptual symbol theory, Mirror system, Affordance, Spatial indexing
- Amodal (Lexical Co-occurrence): Vector Space Model, LSA
- Both suppose that they have their own special way to simulate how we process the meaning.