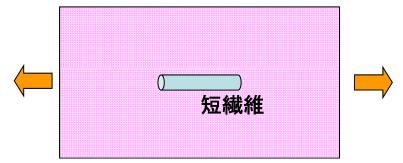
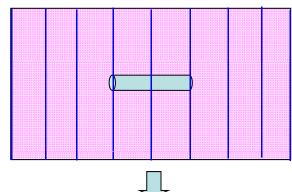
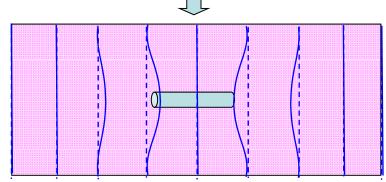
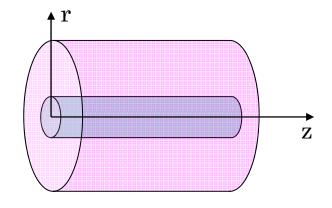
## 短繊維強化複合材料の強化理論











z軸方向のせん断応力をTmとするとマトリクス内の力の釣り合いから

$$\frac{\partial \tau_m}{\partial r} + \frac{\tau_m}{r} = 0 \qquad -----(1)$$

フックの法則から

$$\tau_m = G_m \frac{\partial u_m}{\partial r} \qquad -----(2)$$

u<sub>m</sub>:マトリクス内の z 方向変位 (ひずみではない)

 $G_m$ : せん断弾性率

境界条件

$$u_m = u_f$$
 at  $r = R_f$   
 $u_m = u_c$  at  $r = R_m$   
 $\tau_m = \tau_i$  at  $r = R_f$ 

 $R_m$  繊維の存在の影響が及ぶマト リクスの範囲

$$\ln \tau_{m} + C = -\ln r$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln \tau_{m} - \ln \tau_{i} = -\ln r + \ln R_{f}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\tau_{m}}{\tau_{i}} = \frac{R_{f}}{r}$$

$$(2)$$

$$(2)$$

$$\tau_{i}R_{f} \frac{1}{r} = G_{m} \frac{\partial u_{m}}{\partial r}$$

$$\ln r + C = \frac{G_{m}}{\tau_{i}R_{f}} u_{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln r - \ln R_{f} = \frac{G_{m}}{\tau_{i}R_{f}} (u_{m} - u_{f})$$

$$r = R_{m} \mathcal{C} u_{m} = u_{c}$$

$$\therefore \tau_{i} = \frac{G_{m}(u_{c} - u_{f})}{R_{f} \ln(R_{m} / R_{f})}$$

## 繊維にマトリクスから加わるせん断応力と 繊維内の伸長応力の釣り合いから

$$\pi R_f^2 d\sigma_f = -\tau_i 2\pi R_f dz$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_f}{\partial z} = -\frac{2\tau_i}{R_f}$$

繊維に関しフックの法則から

$$\sigma_f = E_f \frac{\partial u_f}{\partial z}$$

ここで

$$\frac{\partial u_c}{\partial z} = \varepsilon = const.$$
(マトリクスのひずみ)

$$\frac{\partial^2 \sigma_f}{\partial z^2} = \beta^2 (\sigma_f - E_f \varepsilon)$$
$$\beta^2 = \frac{2G_m}{E_f R_f^2 \ln(R_m / R_f)}$$

## 微分方程式の解は

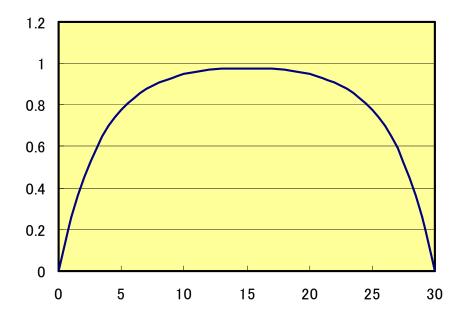
$$\sigma_{f} = A \sinh(\beta z) + \cosh(\beta z) + E_{f} \varepsilon$$

$$z = 0 \quad and \quad \ell_{e} \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \sigma_{f} = 0 \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \hbar^{2} \delta$$

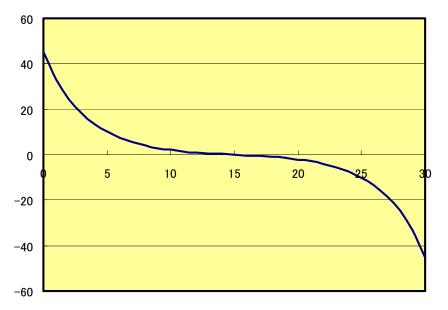
$$\sigma_{f} = E_{f} \varepsilon \left\{ 1 - \frac{\cosh[\beta(\ell_{e}/2 - z)]}{\cosh(\beta \ell_{e}/2)} \right\}$$

$$\stackrel{\sim}{\approx} \tau_{i} = -\frac{R_{f}}{2} \frac{\partial \sigma_{f}}{\partial z} \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \hbar^{2} \delta$$

$$\tau_{i} = \frac{R_{f} \beta E_{f} \varepsilon}{2} \frac{\sinh[\beta(\ell_{e}/2 - z)]}{\cosh(\beta \ell_{e}/2)}$$



繊維に加わる伸長応力



繊維ーマトリクス界面のせん断応力

## 繊維の長さ方向の平均応力は

$$\sigma = \frac{1}{\ell_e} \int_0^{\ell_e} \sigma_f dz = E_f \varepsilon \left( 1 - \frac{\tanh \frac{\beta \ell_e}{2}}{\frac{\beta \ell_e}{2}} \right)$$

従って, 短繊維が一方向に並んだ複合材の弾性率は

$$\begin{split} E_L &= E_f V_f f(\ell_e) + E_m (1 - V_f) \\ \text{ for } \mathcal{L} \end{split}$$

$$f(\ell_e) = 1 - \frac{\tanh\frac{\beta \ell_e}{2}}{\frac{\beta \ell_e}{2}}$$

短繊維強化複合材料における 繊維の利用効率