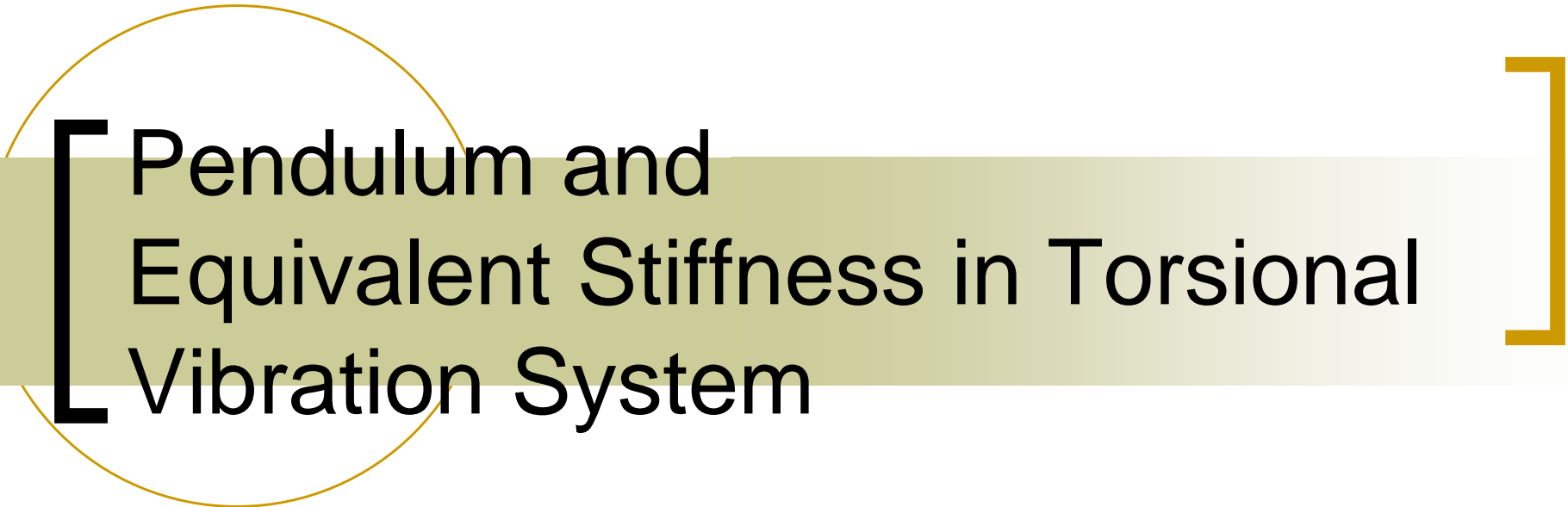




Mechanical Vibration (4)

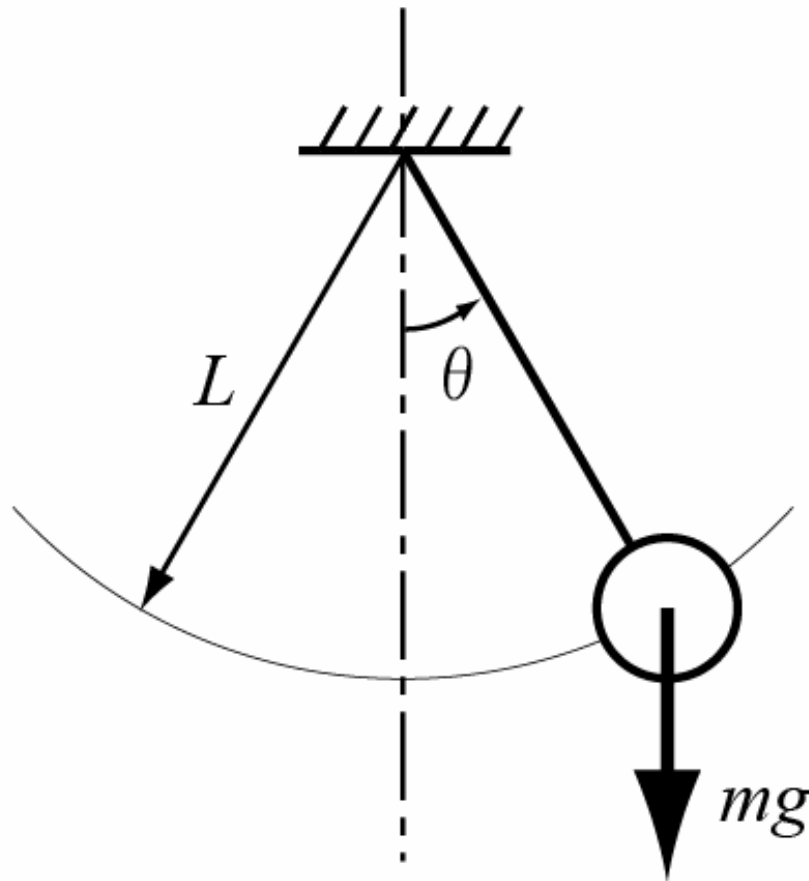
Department of Mechanical and
Control Engineering

Hiroshi Yamaura



[Pendulum and Equivalent Stiffness in Torsional Vibration System]

[Pendulum (1)]



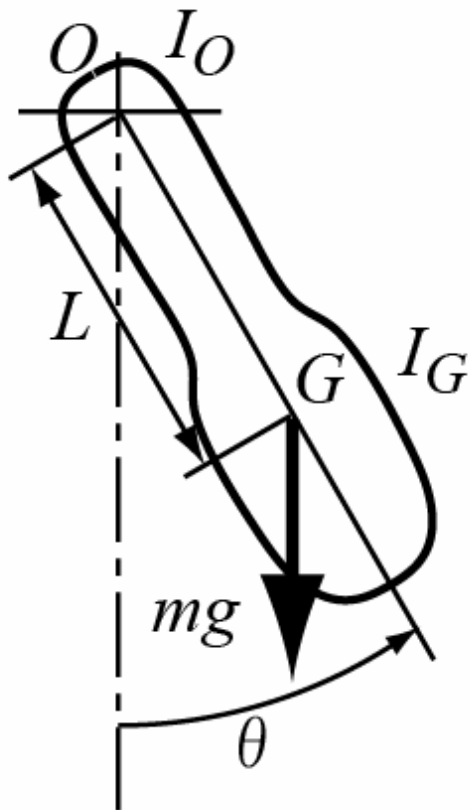
Simple pendulum

$$mL^2\ddot{\theta} + mgL\sin\theta = 0$$

$$\sin\theta \approx \theta$$

$$\ddot{\theta} + \frac{g}{L}\theta = 0$$

[Pendulum (2)]



Physical pendulum

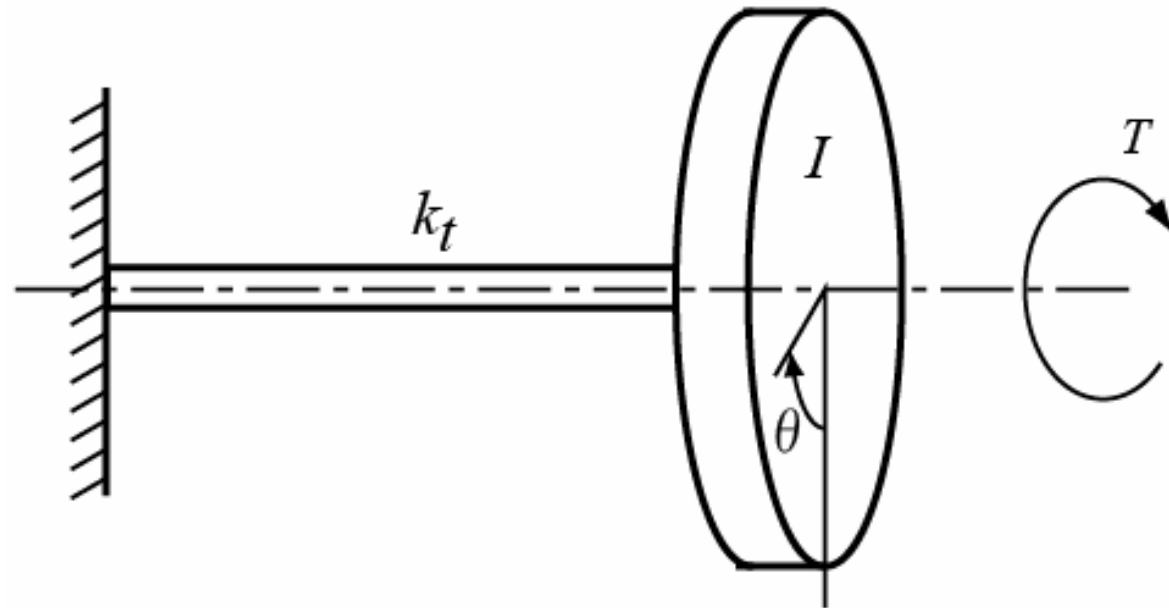
$$I_O \ddot{\theta} + mgL \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\sin \theta \approx \theta$$

$$\ddot{\theta} + \frac{mgL}{I_O} \theta = 0$$

$$\ddot{\theta} + \frac{mgL}{I_G + mL^2} \theta = 0$$

[Torsional vibration system (1)]

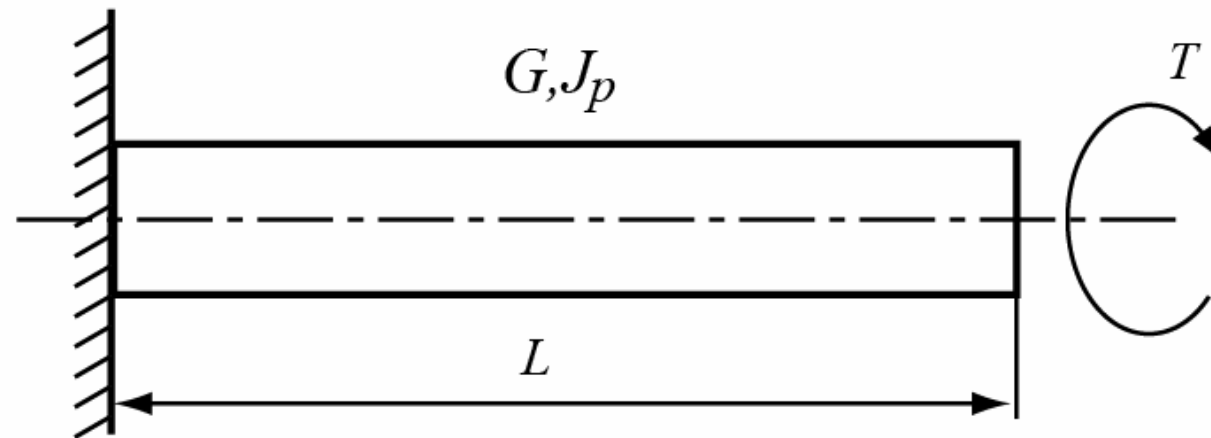


Torsional vibration system

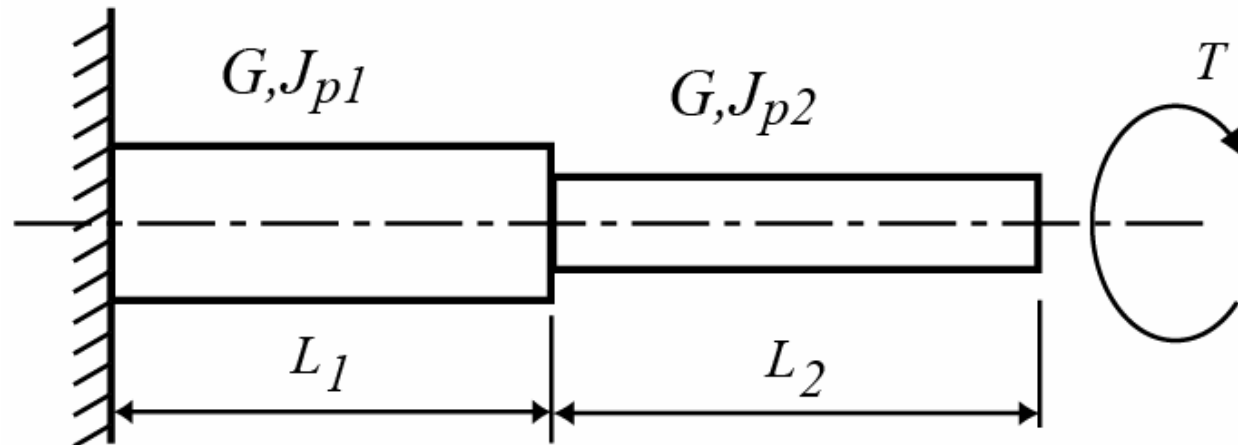
Equation of Motion

$$I\ddot{\theta} + k_t\theta = T$$

[Torsional vibration system (2)]

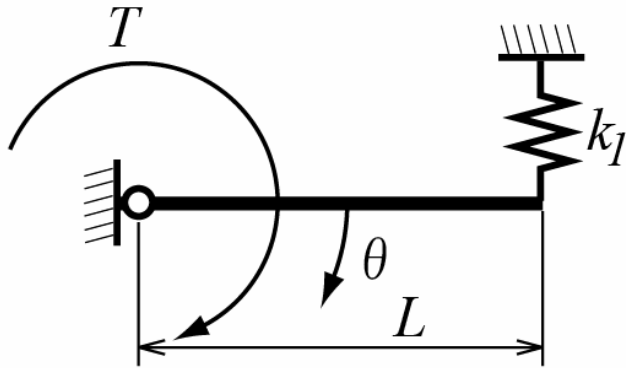


(a) Torsion bar

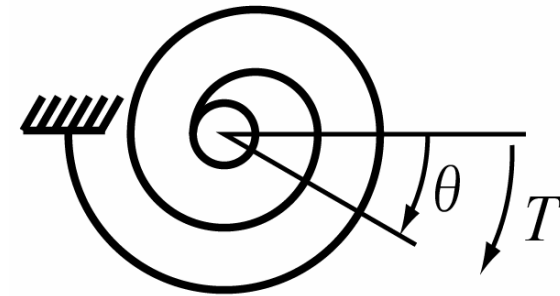


(b) Stepped torsion bar

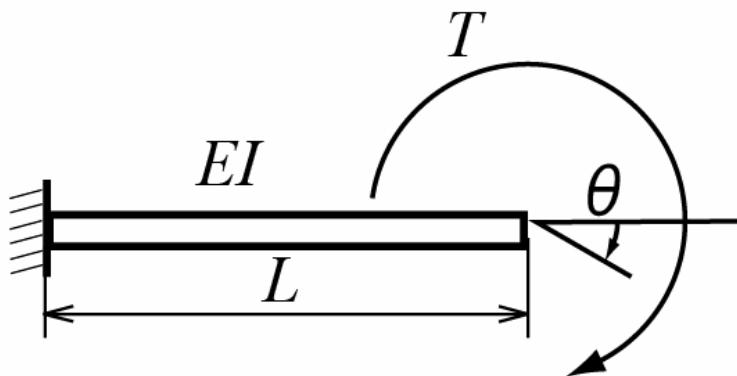
Torsional vibration system (3)



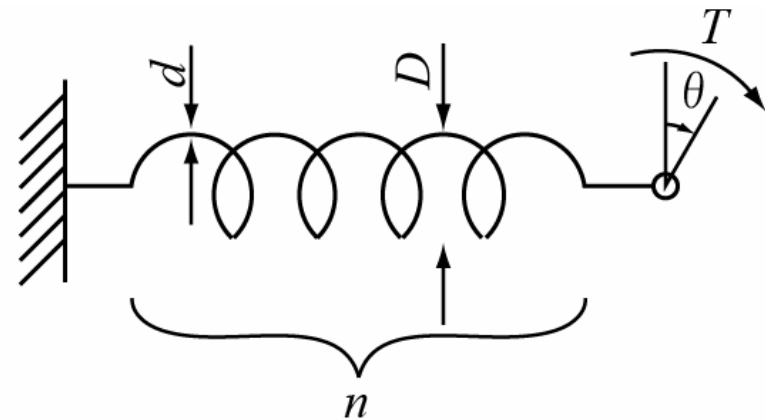
(c) Lever-spring



(d) Spiral spring



(e) Cantilever



(f) Coil spring